Business Impact Analysis - Example

A **Business Impact Analysis** is used by governing bodies and management to understand the critical business activities that need to be restored as a priority in response to a disruptive event. It includes the target and maximum timeframes to restore business activities, the recovery approach and the resources needed. It is a key tool used to inform and support the Business Continuity Plan.

Note: The items included in the Business Impact Analysis below are **examples only**. It is the responsibility of each provider to develop governance tools such as the below based on their own unique circumstances.

Business Impact Analysis

Colour coding the priority helps to see the most critical business activities at a glance.

The recovery approach outlines the high-level mitigation strategies to restore business function.

Description of business activity or function that could be disrupted. 2 Provision of meals Provision of clinical care and support services 2 Provision of business activity or function that could be disrupted. 3 Provision of email and phone services 3 Provision of email and phone services 4 Front reception and office administration 5 Ervices Quality and standards of care Health 4 Head Quality and standards of care Health 5 Ervices Quality and standards of care Health 4 High Utilise alternative cateries Catering suppliers Catering suppliers Catering list ref 19/334 To divisors Communication and administration 4 Front reception and office administration 4 Front reception and office administration Concierge manual ref 20/453 Concierge manual ref 20/453	Having a unique ID helps to track	ID	Business Activity	Activity Owner	Category	Area of Impact	RTO	MTD	Priority	Recovery Approach	Resources needed	References
could be disrupted. 2 Provision of meals Operations Services Quality and standards of care Health 3 Provision of email and phone services Categorising activities helps to understand nature of impact to business. Agency staff Description of meals Operations Services Quality and standards of care Health Communication and administration Communication and administration Communication and administration Agency staff Facilities team Catering Suppliers Catering suppliers Catering suppliers Catering suppliers IT advisors Communication and administration Communication and administration Agency staff Facilities team Agency staff Facilities team Catering Ist Technical Expertise Communication and administration Agency staff Facilities team Catering Ist Catering Ist Catering suppliers IT advisors Communication Technical Expertise Communication and administration Agency staff Facilities team Agency staff Facilities team Concierge Medium Agency staff Facilities team Agency staff Facilities team Concierge	Description of business activity or function that could be	1	clinical care and support	Clinical	Services	standards of care	4 hrs	2 days	High	up resources Utilise medical clinics and hospital		manual ref 20/5477 Agency list
Categorising activities helps to understand nature of impact to business. Categorising activities helps to understand nature of business. Communication		2		1	Services	standards of care	2 hrs	1 day	High	alternative		
nature of impact to business. 4 Front reception and office 4 Front reception and office 4 Administration 5 Communication and administration 1 day 2 days 6 Medium resources 6 Medium re	activities helps to understand nature of impact to	3	email and	Head IT	Systems		6 hrs	1 day	High	phones Technical		recovery plan
		4	reception and office	1		1	1 day	2 days	Medium	resources		manual ref

It is important to identify the resources that might be needed to support the recovery.

It is useful to include references to key documents that have the detailed information needed to support the recovery approach.

Defining area of impact helps to understand the relevant risks.

Including the role responsible for the business activity helps to understand who should lead recovery action.

Recovery Time Objective (RTO) or the 'cry point' is the amount of real time a business has to restore its processes to an acceptable service level after an event to avoid intolerable consequences associated with the disruption.

Maximum Tolerable Downtime(MTD) or the 'die point' is the maximum amount of time a business function can be discontinued without causing irreparable harm to the business. Sometimes referred to as Maximum Allowable Outage or Maximum Acceptable Outage.